

BOSHLANG`ICH SINFLARDA INTERFAOL METODLARDAN FOYDALANISH

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Annotatsiya: *Ushbu maqolada boshlang`ich sinflarda matematika o`qitishda interfaol metodlardan foydalanish haqida ma`lumotlar berilgan*

Kalit so`zlar: *Axborot vositalari, innovatsiya, interfaol, pedagogik mahorat, samaradorlik, didaktik vazifa, xotira, ta`lim sifati, bilim, axborot vositalari, kompyuter.*

Ta`lim tizimida o`quvchilarni bilim olishi birinchi o`rinda turishini hamma yaxshi biladi. O`quvchi o`qituvchi bergan har bir bilimni yaxshi o`zlashtirishi uchun turli xil metodlarni qo`llash lozim. Yangicha metod yoki innovatsiyalarni ta`lim jarayoniga tadbiiq etish haqida gap borganda interfaol usullarning o`quv jarayonida qo`llanilishi tushuniladi. Hozirgi vaqtda ta`lim jarayonida o`qitishning zamonaviy metodlari keng qo`llanilmoqda. O`qitishning interfaol metodlarini qo`llash o`qitish jarayonida yuqori samaradorlikka erishishga olib keladi. Bu metodlarni har bir darsning didaktik vazifasidan kelib chiqib tanlash maqsadga muvofiq. Faqatgina o`qituvchi emas, balki o`qituvchi bilan birgalikda o`quvchi ham faol bo`lishi hozirgi kunning talabi hisoblanadi. Bolalarga darsjarayonlarini turli xil ko`rinishdagi metodlar o`yinlar orqali ularga tushuntirib ularni psixikasiga mos dars jarayonlarni tashkil qilamiz. Dars jarayonida bolalarni zerkilib qo`ymaslik uchun ularga turli xildagi metodlar asosida dars jarayonni tashkil qilamiz. Hattoki, ma`lum bir kitobni o`qiganda, sahifalarida turlicha mazmun kashf etishni ko`ramiz. Masalan: L.N.Skatkinning "Metodika" kitobini varaqlaganda, kitobning boshida metodikaning umumiy masalalariga daxldor bo`lgan, boblarida avtorning tilida ko`plab metod so`zi uchraydi. Lekin, xususiyl masalalariga bag`ishlangan boblarida avtor "metod" so`zi o`rniga "usul" so`zi ishlatilgan. O`qitishning interfaol usullarini tanlashda ta`lim maqsadi, ta`lim oluvchining soni va imkoniyatlari, o`quv muassasasining o`quvmoddiy sharoiti, ta`limning davomiyligi, o`qituvchining pedagogik mahorati va boshqalar e`tiborga olinadi. Interfaol metodlar deganda ta`lim oluvchini faollashtiruvchi va mustaqil fikrlashga undovchi, ta`lim jarayonining markazida ta`lim oluvchi bo`lgan metodlar tushuniladi. Bu metodlar qo`llanilganda ta`lim beruvchi ta`lim oluvchini faol ishtirok etishga chorlaydi. Interfaol metod biror faoliyat yoki muammoni o`zaro muloqotda, o`zaro bahs-munozarada fikrlash asnosida, hamjihatlik bilan hal etishdir. Bu usulning afzalligi shundaki, butun

faoliyat o'quvchilarni mustaqil fikrlashga o'rgatib, mustaqil hayotga tayyorlaydi. Interfaol metodlar orqali o'quvchilarning tashabbuskorligi hamda jamoaviy izlanuvchanligini oshiriladi. Interfaol metodlardan foydalanib darslarni tashkil etilsa, o'quvchi darsga bo'lgan qiziqishi yanada oshadi va ta'lim sifati yaxshilanadi. Interfaol usullar orqali o'tilgan darslar o'quvchini ijobiy fikrlashga, olingan axborotlarni faollikda hal etishga, fikrini erkin bayon qilishga, hamkorlikda ish yuritishga, fikrni yozma bayon etishga chorlaydi. Interfaol metodlar orqali o'tiladigan darslarda an'anaviy usullardan voz kechish degani emas, balki mazmunni o'zaro faollikda hal eta olishdir. Interfaollik bu faollikdir, ya'ni o'quvchi va o'qituvchi o'rtasidagi o'zaro muloqoti asosida kechadi. Albatta, har bir ishning maqsadi bo'lgani kabi interfaol usullarni qo'llashdan maqsad bo'ladi. Interfaol usulning bosh maqsadi o'quv jarayoni uchun eng qulay vaziyat yaratish orqali o'quvchilarning faol, erkin fikr yuritishga muhit yaratishdir. U o'zining intellektual salohiyatini, imkoniyatlarini namoyon etibgina qolmay, balki o'quv sifatini va samaradorligini oshiradi, ta'minlaydi. Matematika darslarida interfaol metodlar orqali tashkillashtirilsa, dars ham qiziqarli, ham mazmunli o'tishi mumkin. Chunki, biz bilamizki, boshlang'ich sinf o'quvchilar juda o'yinqaro bo'lishadi. Shuning uchun ham darslarni rangbarang metodlarni tashkil qilish maqsadga muvofiq. Misol uchun "Ko'paytirish jadvali"ni tushunishida o'quvchi qiynaladi. Agar bu mavzularni tushuntirishda interfaol metodlar orqali tushuntirilsa, o'quvchining xotirasiga ham qolishi osonroq bo'ladi. Hozirgi yuksalish va yangilanish davrida yashar ekanmiz biz o'qituvchilar interfaol metodlar asosida dars jarayonlarini tashkil qilamiz. Oddiygina o'qitish metodini olsak, bu tushuncha didaktika va metodikaning asosiy tushunchalaridan biridir. Didaktika va metodikaga oid hozirgi zamon ishlarining ko'pchiligida o'qitish metodlari o'qituvchi va o'quvchilarning birgalikdagi faoliyatlari usullari, bo'lib, bu faoliyat yordamida yangi bilimlar, malaka va ko'nikmalarga erishiladi, o'quvchilarning dunyoqarashlari shakllanadi, ularning qobilyatlari rivojlanadi. Darsda o'quvchilar faolligini oshiruvchi vositalardan biri-interfaol metodlardir. Bu uslublar maktab pedagogikasi uchun yangilik emas. Ulardan ilgari ham foydalanib kelingan. Qachonki, bu metodlar samarali natija bera oladi:

- Dars va mavzuning maqsadlari to'g'ri aniq tanlanganda;
- Mavzuga mos metodlarni tanlay olinsa;
- Bir metod butun dars davomida qamrab olmasdan, balki kichik daqiqalarni qamrab olsa;
- Tanlagan metod o'quvchilarga yangi bir axborotlarni yetkazib bersa, o'quvchi mavzuni nima haqidaligini tezgina tushuna oladi.

Biz dars jarayonida metodlarni qo'laymiz dedik, bu bilan o'quvchilarning dars materiallarini o'zlashtirish darajasini ancha yuqori bo'ladi. Biz dars jarayonida bolalarni yoshiga va bilim darajasiga qarab, interfaol metodlardan foydalanib dars

o'tamiz. So'ngi yillarda pedagogika faoliyatda turli axborot vositalari (kopyuter, televideniya, radio, nusxa ko'chiruvchi qurilma, slayd, video va audio magnitofonlar) yordamida ta'lim jarayoni tashkil etilishiga alohida e'tibor qaratilmoqda. O'qituvchilar oldida ta'lim jarayonida turli axborot vositalardan o'rinli va maqsadga muvofiq foydalanish vazifasi turibdi. Biz o'qituvchilar darslarni turli xil innavotsion metodlar orqali tushuntirib, yoritib bolalarga yetkazib berishga harakat qilishimiz kerak.

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