

BUSINESS RELATIONS AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT OF UZBEKISTAN WITH TURKEY

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Abstract: This scientific article provides information about cultural, trade and economic relations between Uzbekistan and Turkey.

Key words: research, development, fraternal cooperation, council, development, strategy.

Diplomatic relations between Turkey and Uzbekistan Turkey

became stronger with the first recognition of the independence of our country. Uzbekistan and Turkey are united by close friendship and fraternal relations based on a common language and history, similar culture and traditions.

"The acceptance of Turkey as a candidate for EU membership will further increase the importance of political parties. After all, political parties are undoubtedly the creators of economic, political and social reforms at the level of Turkey's cooperation with the European Union. More importantly, political parties are at the center of democracy in the countries of the European Union that have accepted Turkey as a candidate for the minority." Several studies have been conducted on the activities of political parties in Turkey. For example, Abdullah Aydin, who conducted research on the topic "Activity of political parties and the electoral system in Turkey after the 1982 Constitution", covered the history of the development of political parties and the electoral system in Turkey and the changes in political parties and the electoral system after 1982. Esen Hamdi's research work on the topic of democracy and economic categories in the ideologies of political parties is devoted to the ideologies of political parties.

In addition, the works created by Russian scientists on this topic served as a source for our research work. Among them: Danilov V.I, Kireyev N.G, Fadeyeva I.I, Drujilovsky S.B Kondokchan R.

On April 10, 1928, the clause stating that the state religion is Islam was removed from the constitution. Meanwhile, initiatives to establish a new opposition party began to emerge.

In April 1992, the embassy of Turkey in Tashkent, and in January 1993, the embassy of the Republic of Uzbekistan in Ankara, opened its operations. The consulate general of our country was opened in Istanbul. In 1996, the Agreement



on Eternal Friendship and Cooperation was signed between our countries. In the past three years, relations have reached the level of strategic partnership. The presidents met for the 7th time. Prospects for the development of large-scale cooperation between our countries were discussed at the high-level meeting and negotiations. This is reflected in many directions, such as creating favorable conditions for business circles of the two countries, improving the investment environment, implementing joint cooperation projects and cultural-humanitarian exchange programs.

It is difficult to say that Uzbekistan was close to Turkey in foreign economic relations. The initial negotiations within the framework of the strategic council between the parties showed what changes should be made in this regard. After some time, a number of partnership relations were established between the two parties. Uzbekistan-Turkey relations began to show promising scenes year after year. In particular, the fact that our country is a member of the Cooperation Council of Turkic-speaking countries at the international level shows this. In September of last year, all Turkic countries, first of all, the Republic of Turkey actively supported the joining of the Turkic-speaking countries on the initiative of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan, Shavkat Mirziyoyev.

As a result of this, opportunities for bilateral and multilateral cooperation were created within the international structure of our country. Before the seventh summit of the Council of Turkey held in Baku, a meeting of the Council of Businessmen of Turkic-speaking countries and an Investment Forum were organized in Tashkent on the initiative of the head of state. The Council of Turkic-speaking countries, consisting of Azerbaijan, Turkey, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan and Uzbekistan, aims to develop mutual economic, political and cultural relations between the Turkic peoples divided into different regions.

In October 2017, during the first state visit of President Shavkat Mirziyoyev to Turkey, a Joint Statement was signed, raising the cooperation of our countries to the level of strategic partnership.

In the past three years, relations have reached the level of strategic partnership. The presidents met 7 times. Prospects for the development of large-scale cooperation between our countries were discussed at the high-level meeting and negotiations.

Interregional relations have gained momentum. Practical cooperation between Tashkent and Ankara, Samarkand and Istanbul is strengthening. Cultural and humanitarian events and various festivals play an important role in strengthening the friendship between the two countries. Representatives of



Turkish culture and art regularly participate in the international music festival «Sharq Taronalari» held in Samarkand. Also, representatives of Turkish applied art and folklore presented samples of their art and culture at the first International Status Art Conference and Handicraft Festival held in our country.

Such meetings are a clear indication that our strategic partnership has reached a higher level. This council will certainly be an important ground for fulfilling the priority tasks aimed at increasing the volume of mutual trade between our countries to five billion dollars in the coming years. It is appropriate for us to consolidate the results of today's meeting and think about the agenda of next year's meeting and the main directions of our cooperation now, - said the head of our state.

The presidents exchanged views on the proposal to establish modern joint clinics and diagnostic centers in Uzbekistan in the fields of oncohematology, cardiosurgery, ophthalmology, implementation of joint educational programs in such fields as small business, textiles, and the proposal to train specialists for clusters.

Cooperation between Turkey and Uzbekistan has become more active, especially in the last three years. Shavkat Mirziyoyev's visit to Turkey in October 2017 and Rejep

Tayyip Erdogan's state visits to Uzbekistan in April 2018 strengthened mutual political trust and paved the way for effective cooperation.

The meeting noted the importance of expanding transport links and establishing multimodal international transport to Europe through Turkey. The issues of mastering the advanced experience of Turkey in intensive horticulture, fisheries, animal husbandry, and breeding, conducting joint research with universities and scientific centers were discussed.

In the negotiations, it was emphasized the need to regularly hold meetings of the intergovernmental commission on trade and economic cooperation in order to use mutually beneficial opportunities and implement new projects and programs.

Turkey is also famous for its developed textile industry. It is planned to establish textile enterprises in our country with the leading companies of Turkey, to fully process the grown cotton, to introduce certification for the finished product and to direct it to the world market. Mutually beneficial friendly relations between our countries are steadily developing. Communication at all levels has intensified. Uzbekistan and Turkey are constantly supporting each other within international organizations.



The President of Turkey noted that the negotiations between the two countries were held in the spirit of mutual solidarity, mutual interest and trust, and the cooperation between Turkey and Uzbekistan was further strengthened and raised to a strategic level.

In order to further strengthen the legal foundations of Uzbekistan-Turkey cooperation, 24 documents on economy, trade, transport-logistics, industry, science, education, tourism and other fields were signed between the governments, ministries and agencies of our countries.

The negotiations were open, meaningful and effective, in accordance with the age-old traditions of friendship and brotherhood between our peoples. The current state of our cooperation was objectively assessed, and its priorities and tasks in the future were clearly defined. An agreement was reached on the establishment of the Supreme Council of Strategic Partnership under the chairmanship of the heads of the two countries, said the head of state.

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