



ADABIY TAXALLUSLARNING YUZAGA KELISH OMILLARI

Nizamova Shahnoza

QDPI dotsenti, filologiya fanlari bo'yicha falsafa doktori (PhD)

Annotatsiya. *Taxalluslar boshqa antroponimik birliklardan farqlanadi. Agar biz onomastik sathni shartli ravishda haqiqiy va xayoliy narsalarning nomlariga ajratsak, taxalluslar bu ikki guruh o'rtasida oraliq pozitsiyani egallaydi. Ularning belgilari nomzodning ongida qurilganligiga (ya'ni u haqiqiy ism emas) qaramasdan, ular to'g'ridan-to'g'ri muallifning qiyofasi bilan bog'liq va haqiqiy ismlarning modellari asosida yaratilgan. Bu esa taxallusning boshqa antroponimik birliklardan asosiy farqli jihatidir.*

Kalit so'zlar: *onomastika, antroponimik birlik, taxallus, ism, familiya, otatism, laqab, g'oyaviy funktsiya, farqlash funktsiyasi.*

Taxalluslarning qo'llanilishi uzoq o'tmishga borib taqaladi. Olimlar taxallusni VII asrda paydo bo'lgan deb taxmin qilishadi. Arab, eron, fors-tojik adabiyotlarida she'riyatning paydo bo'lishi, unda taxallusning qo'llanilishi VII-VIII asrga borib tutashar ekan, shu xalqlar bilan bir xududda yashagan o'zbeklarda ham yozma adabiyot tojiklar bilan bir davrda paydo bo'lganligi va unda ijodkorlar nomi, taxallusining ifodalanganligi shak-shubhasizdir.

Taxalluslarning tadqiqi borasida, uning paydo bo'lish sabablari xususida bir nechta o'zbek va chet el tadqiqotchilari tomonidan o'rganishlar olib borilgan. Fdfbiyotshunos olimlar T.Qorayev va R.Vohidovlar *taxallus* so'zi bir qator tarixiy lug'atlar, o'zbek va tojik tilining izohli va ikki tilli lug'atlarida, she'riyat lug'ati, adabiyotshunoslik terminlari lug'atlarida deyarli bir xil izohlanishini aniqlaganlar. Shuningdek, mazkur mualliflar taxallusni asosan mumtoz she'riyatning yetakchi janri bo'lgan g'azal bilan bog'lab talqin qiladilar. Taxallus qo'llash g'azal janrining asosiy belgilardan biri bo'lib hisoblanadi. G'azalda ijodkorning nomi, ya'ni taxallus asosan maqta'da (g'azalning so'nggi ikki misrasi) yoki ayrim vaqtlarda undan oldingi baytda qo'llangan. Sharq xalqlari adabiyotida g'azal janrining keng rivoj topishi taxallusga bo'lgan ehtiyojni kuchaytirgan. Fozil va zukko shoirlar taxallusga formal bir birlik sifatida emas, balki estetik kategoriya tarzida munosabatda bo'lib, uning ham yangiligi, ham mazmuniga katta e'tibor berganlar

Rus tilidagi taxallus tushunchasini ifodalovchi *pseudonim* termini asli grekcha *pseudonymos* so'zidan olingan bo'lib, "soxta nom", "soxta nomga ega" ma'nolarini bildiradi. Ushbu talqin o'zbekcha taxallus so'zining ma'nosidan ancha farq qiladi. Terminologik lug'atda "*pseudonim*" termini "*yozuvchilar va san'atkorlar tomonidan qo'llaniladigan fantastik ism yoki familiya*", deb izohlangan. Ko'rinib turibdiki,



taxallus va *pseudonim* leksemalarining ma'no-mundariyasi bir-biridan tubdan farq qilsa-da, ularning termin sifatidagi ta'riflari mohiyatan bir-biriga mos keladi.

Til tarixida *taxallus* ma'nosi *laqab* so'zi bilan ham ifodalangan. *Laqab* – [a. لقب – ikkinchi nom; laqab; taxallus] 1. Biror xususiyatiga ko'ra kishiga hazil qilib yoki masxaralab berilgan qo'shimcha nom; shuningdek, ma'lum maqsadda o'zgartirib olingan nom. 2. *esk. ayn. taxallus*. 3. *esk. ayn. familiya*. 4. Hayvonlarga qo'yilgan nom.

Laqabning "taxallus" ma'nosida qo'llanishi Ogahiyning quyidagi baytida ham kuzatiladi:

Ne tong ogoh bo'lsa Ogahiy ishqing siridinkim,
Onga behuda ermas osmondin bu *laqab* paydo.

Eski o'zbek tilida *mulaqqab* atamasi ham qo'llangan bo'lib, "1. Laqab qilgan. 2. Taxallus qilgan ma'nolarida keladi. Masalan, "Shermuhammad *al-mulaqqabu* bi-l-Munis ibn amir Avaz biy mirob."

Taxalluslarning boshqa antroponimik birliklar bilan bog'liqlik qirralari:

1. Ism, familiya, otasim, laqab va taxalluslar antroponimik birliklar sirasiga kiradi. Bu jihatdan ular umumiylikka ega.

2. Taxalluslar ism, familiya va otasimdan hosil qilinishi mumkin. Bunday taxalluslar ism-taxalluslar deb ataladi. Masalan, Sulton Akbariy (Akbarov Sulton), Fayziy (Fayziev Rahmat) kabi.

3. Laqab so'zi o'tmishda aynan *taxallus* ma'nosida qo'llangan. Laqab va *taxallus* kishilarning qo'shimcha nomini ifodalaydi, bu jihatdan ular yaqinlikka va umumiylik ega. Ba'zi ijodkor va san'atkorlar o'z laqablarini *taxallus* sifatida qabul qilganlar. Bunday taxalluslar laqab-taxalluslar deb yuritiladi.

Adabiyotshunos O.Nosirov o'zbek g'azaliyotining paydo bo'lishi, rivoji va takomili xususida bahs yuritir ekan, adabiy *taxallus*ga bog'liq ayrim fikrlarni ham bayon etadi (Nosirov O. O'zbek adabiyotida g'azal. – Toshkent: G'.G'ulom nomidagi Adabiyot va san'at nashriyoti, 1972.–136 b.). U Y.E.Bertelsning "Ma'lumki, ilk so'fiy shoirlar ko'pincha shaharlarda yashar va hunarmandlar bilan yaqin aloqada bo'lib turar edilar. Yana shu narsa ma'lumki, o'sha davr badiiy hunar ustalarining eng yaxshi mahsulotlariga "falonchining ishi" deb imzo chekish odatlari bor edi. So'fiy shoirlar she'rlaridagi *taxallus*ning ana shu odatga qandaydir aloqasi yo'qmikin degan fikrga beixtiyor kelasan kishi" (Bertels Y.E. Istoriya persidsko-tadjikskoy literaturi. M: IVL, S.519.), degan mulohazalarini quyidagi fikrlar bilan tasdiqlaydi:

1. O'tmishda keng xalq ommasi o'qish, yozishni o'rganish imkoniyatlaridan mahrum edi. Shoir asarlarining omma o'rtasida keng tarqalishida hofizlarning xizmati katta. Ular g'azallarni kuylar va tinglar edilar. Qo'shiq teksti kimniki ekanini faqat *taxallus*dangina bilish mumkin edi, shu boisdan shoirlar *taxallus* qo'llay boshlaganlar.



2. G'azallar ba'zan vazni, qofiyasi, radifi, mazmuni, temasi bilan bir-biriga o'xshash bo'lishi mumkin (tatabbu'). Bunday holatlarda ham taxallus bo'lishi juda zarur.

3. Klassik she'riyatdagi juda ko'p terminlar uyga aloqador so'zlardan tuzilgan (masalan, bayt uy, rukn ustun, tarse' ayvon va boshqalar).

Shoirlar ham o'z asarlarini ma'lum darajada binoga o'xshatgan bo'lsalar, she'r oxiriga taxallus qo'yish – me'morning o'zi qurgan binoga nomini yozib qo'yishdek bir hodisa ekani ajablanarli emas (Nosirov O. O'sha asar, 14-b.).

Xulosa qilib aytganda, taxallusning paydo bo'lishida boshqa sabab va omillar bo'lishi ham mumkin. Ammo yuqorida aytilganlarning o'ziyoq taxallus qo'llash ma'lum ijtimoiy, hayotiy sabablar natijasida, hayot va turmush talablariga javob sifatida paydo bo'lganini ko'rsatib turibdi.

FOYDALANILGAN ADABIYOTLAR:

1. Nizamova, S. H. "The Role of Pedagogical Games in the Personal Development of Primary School Students." International Journal of Innovative Research in Science, Engineering and Technology.

2. Nizamova, Sh U., and Munosibxon Ganieva. "Didactic Basics of Teaching Elementary School Technology Science." International Journal of Innovative Research in Science, Engineering and Technology.

3. NIZAMOVA, SHAHNOZA, and MUNIRA AKBAROVA. "LEXICAL-SEMANTIC ANALYSIS OF SOME NICKNAMES." THEORETICAL & APPLIED SCIENCE Учредители: Теоретическая и прикладная наука 10: 563-565.

4. Nizami, Shahnaza Obeydullaevna, and Rovshan Surobjonovna Egamova. "Improving the Efficiency of Extracurricular Work in Technology Lessons in Elementary Grades." International Journal of Innovative Research in Science, Engineering and Technology.

5. Ubaydullaevna, N. S., Mehmonalievich, T. A., Mamirovna, H. K., & Nosirovna, N. D. ON THE PRINCIPLES OF CATEGORIZATION OF WORDS.

6. Nizamova, S. H. The Role of Pedagogical Games in the Personal Development of Primary School Students. International Journal of Innovative Research in Science, Engineering and Technology.

7. Nizamova, S., & Turakhojayeva, A. (2023). "MAJOLIS UN-NAFOIS" BY A. NAVOYI IS ONE OF THE IMPORTANT SOURCES OF UZBEKIN NICKNAMES.

8. Shakhnoza, N., & Sevara, O. (2022). LINGUISTIC ANALYSIS OF PSEUDONYMS OF UZBEK WOMEN IN THE FIELD OF CREATIVITY AND ART. INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF SOCIAL SCIENCE & INTERDISCIPLINARY RESEARCH ISSN: 2277-3630 Impact factor: 7.429, 11(10), 294-298.



9. Nizamova, S. U., & Solijonova, D. (2023). BOSHLANG 'ICH SINFI O 'QUVCHILARIDA MUVAFFAQIYATGA ERISHISHGA INTILISH MOTIVINI SHAXSNING USTUVOR XUSUSIYATI SIFATIDA. *THE ROLE OF SCIENCE AND INNOVATION IN THE MODERN WORLD*, 2(6), 46-50.
10. Nizamova, S., & Jo'rayeva, D. (2023). AMALDAGI 3-SINF ONA TILI VA O 'QISH SAVODXONLIGI DARSLIGI VA ESKI DARSLIK ORASIDAGI FARQLI JIHATLAR. *Results of National Scientific Research International Journal*, 2(6), 54-57.
11. Nizomova, S., & Salimova, M. (2023). BOSHLANG 'ICH SINFLARDA SO 'Z TURKUMLARINI O 'RGATISH METODIKASI. *Results of National Scientific Research International Journal*, 2(6), 45-53.
12. Abdulkhayeva, M. The Role of Dictations in the Development of Students' Written Speech in the First Class. *International Journal of Innovative Research in Science, Engineering and Technology*.
13. Musharrafa, A. (2023). Relationship of Mother Language and Reading Literacy with Natural Science. *World of Science: Journal on Modern Research Methodologies*, 2(3), 78-82.
14. Abdulxayeva, M. (2023). ONA TILI VA O 'QISH SAVODXONLIGI DARSLARIDA DIDAKTIK METODLARNING TUTGAN O 'RNI. *Scienceweb academic papers collection*.
15. Abdulxayeva, M. (2023). O'Z DIKTANT YOKI YODDAN YOZUV DIKTANTI. *Interpretation and researches*, 1(1).
16. Akbarova, X. (2023). ASQAD MUXTOR IJODINING O'ZIGA XOSLIGI. *Interpretation and researches*, 1(1).
17. AKBAROVA, X. (2023). LINGVOPOETIKA SOHASINING VUJUDGA KELISHI VA NAZARIY MASALALARI. *Comparative Turkish Dialects and Literatures*, 1(3), 27-32.
18. Alijonovna, M. D., & Gozalkhan, Y. (2022). IMPLEMENTATION OF INTERDISCIPLINARITY IN THE TEACHING OF READING AND NATURAL SCIENCES. *Galaxy International Interdisciplinary Research Journal*, 10(12), 1628-1632.
19. Alijonovna, M. D. (2023). Terms-language wealth. *INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF INCLUSIVE AND SUSTAINABLE EDUCATION*, 2(3), 58-62.
20. Dilafuz, M. (2022). BOUNDARY ISSUE IN THE TERMINO
21. Alijonovna, M. D. (2022). THE ROLE OF TERMS IN LINGUISTICS. *Spectrum Journal of Innovation, Reforms and Development*, 9, 144-152.
22. BADIY MATNDA QISHLOQ XO'JALIGIGA OID TERMINLARNING USLUBIY XOSLANISH IMKONIYATLARI
MD Alijonovna Qo'qon DPI. *Ilmiy xabarlar* 3, 169-174



23. Akbarova, M. (2021). FOLKLORE IN PRIMARY EDUCATION-THE LINGUISTIC FEATURES OF TEACHING PROVERBS. In *Фундаментальные и прикладные научные исследования: актуальные вопросы, достижения и инновации* (pp. 106-108).

24. AKBAROVA, M. BADIY MATNDA UCHRAYDIGAN G 'AYRIODATIY BIRIKMALARNING LINGVOPOETIK XUSUSIYATLARI. *Comparative Turkish Dialects and Literatures*, 1(2), 25-31.

25. Shavkatovna, A. M., & Nurjahon, M. (2023). BADIY MATNDA UCHRAYDIGAN GAYRIODATIY BIRIKMALARNING MORFOLOGIK XUSUSIYATLARI. *Ustozlar uchun*, 15(1), 266-270.

26. Shavkatovna, A. M. (2023). G'AYRIODATIY BIRIKMALARNING BADIY MATNDA LINGVOPOETIK AKTUALLASHUVI. *Journal of Integrated Education and Research*, 2(3), 129-132.

27. Shavkatovna, A. M. (2023). Morphological Characteristics of Unusual Compounds Found in Literary Text. *World of Science: Journal on Modern Research Methodologies*, 2(3), 83-88.

28. Shavkatovna, A. M. (2023). Morphological Characteristics of Unusual Compounds Found in Literary Text. *World of Science: Journal on Modern Research Methodologies*, 2(3), 83-88.

29. Shavkatovna, A. M., & Sultonova, Y. N. (2023). BADIY MATN LINGVOPOETIKASIDA GAYRIODATIY BIRIKMALARNING AHAMIYATI. *Ustozlar uchun*, 15(1), 271-276.

30. Akbarova, M. S. (2022). LINGUOPOETIC FEATURES OF UNUSUAL COMPOUNDS IN THE LITERARY TEXT. *CURRENT RESEARCH JOURNAL OF PHILOLOGICAL SCIENCES*, 3(05), 73-76.

31. Akbarova, M. S. Features of Linguopoetic Analysis of Literary Text. *International Journal of Innovative Research in Science, Engineering and Technology*.

32. Shavkatovna, A. M., & Nurjahon, M. (2023). BADIY MATNDA UCHRAYDIGAN GAYRIODATIY BIRIKMALARNING MORFOLOGIK XUSUSIYATLARI. *Ustozlar uchun*, 15(1), 266-270.

33. 1. Nizomiddinova, D., & Vasilakhon, I. (2020, June). ABOUT COMBINED TOPONYMS IN THE FORM " OT+ VERB" AND " VERB+ OT". In *Archive of Conferences* (Vol. 1, No. 1, pp. 128-129).

34. 2. Nosirovna, N. D. (2022). ABOUT SOME ANTHROPOONYMS OF FERGANA VALLEY. *Galaxy International Interdisciplinary Research Journal*, 10(12), 1124-1131.

35. 3. Nosirovna, N. D. (2022). Regarding the Study of the Simple Names of the Fergana Region According to the Morphological Structure. *INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF INCLUSIVE AND SUSTAINABLE EDUCATION*, 1(5), 82-85.



36. 4. Nosirovna, N. D. (2022). Anthropotonyms are a priceless treasure of our language, a monument of our history. *Emergent: Journal of Educational Discoveries and Lifelong Learning (EJEDL)*, 3(02), 16-19.

37. 5. Nizomiddinova, D., & Vasilakhon, I. (2020, June). ABOUT COMBINED TOPONYMS IN THE FORM" OT+ VERB" AND" VERB+ OT". In *Archive of Conferences* (Vol. 1, No. 1, pp. 128-129).

38. 6. Ubaydullaevna, N. S., Mehmonalievich, T. A., Mamirovna, H. K., & Nosirovna, N. D. ON THE PRINCIPLES OF CATEGORIZATION OF WORDS.

39. Tolipov, R., & Yusupov, M. (2022). THE ROLE AND IMPORTANCE OF THE FORM OF EDUCATION IN IMPROVING THE EFFECTIVENESS OF THE LESSON. *Galaxy International Interdisciplinary Research Journal*, 10(12), 1633-1637.

40. Yusupov, M. M. (2021). Educational practice as a tool in the formation of professional competence of future primary education teachers. *International Journal on Orange Technologies*, 3(4), 301-305.

41. Nizamova, S. U., Isakov, S. Z., & Yusupov, M. M. (2022). Historical And Linguistic Study Of Uzbek Nicknames. *Journal of Positive School Psychology*, 150-158.

42. Yusupov, M. M. (2022). The issue of scientific and methodological support of students during the period of continuous educational practice. *INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF SOCIAL SCIENCE & INTERDISCIPLINARY RESEARCH ISSN: 2277-3630 Impact factor: 7.429*, 11(09), 209-213.

43. Mamadalievich, Y. M., & Mamasolievich, T. R. (2022). THE NEWSPAPER" SADOI FERGHANA" IS THE NEWSPAPER OF THE FERGANA REGION. *Galaxy International Interdisciplinary Research Journal*, 10(12), 1236-1240.

44. Yusupov, M. M. (2022). FEATURES OF THE ORGANIZATION AND CONDUCT OF EDUCATIONAL PRACTICE OF FUTURE PRIMARY SCHOOL TEACHERS. *INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF SOCIAL SCIENCE & INTERDISCIPLINARY RESEARCH ISSN: 2277-3630 Impact factor: 7.429*, 11(06), 195-200.

45. Yusupov, M. M. (2023). The Methodology of Organizing and Conducting the Learning and Meeting Activities of Future Elementary Class Teachers. *World of Science: Journal on Modern Research Methodologies*, 2(3), 50-57.

46. Muhsinjon, M. Y. (2023). IMPROVING THE PROFESSIONAL TRAINING OF FUTURE PRIMARY SCHOOL TEACHERS IN THE CONDITIONS OF MODERNIZATION OF HIGHER PEDAGOGICAL EDUCATION. *Procedia of Theoretical and Applied Sciences*, 5, 9-16.